

- Answer in brief for the following: (any one)
 - Using uncertainty principle show that the minimum volume of a cell in a phase space is h³.
 - If an energy level having degeneracy $g_i = 4$ is to (2)be occupied by 3 particles. Find the number of ways to arrange them in case of F-D statistics.
- Answer the following: (any one) (c)

Give comparison between M-B, B-E and F-D statistics.

(2) State and prove the Sterling's approximation.

3

	(d)	Answer in detail: (any one) (1) Derive the most probable distribution formula for M-B statistics.	5
		(2) Derive the distribution law for Fermi-Dirac statistics.	
2	(a)	 Write a short answer to the following: (1) The alkali metals like Na, Li have a crystal structure. (2) In covalent bond, spins of two electrons are parallel. – Do you agree? (3) Covalent bonds are (transparent / opaque) short wavelength radiation. (4) According to Debye, a solid is an isotropic elastic continuum. – Is it true or false? 	4
	(b)	Answer in brief for the following: (any one) (1) Sketch the diagram showing cubic crystal having Miller indices (111). (2) In case of solids, if the Plank's constant is increased ten times then what will be the effect on its specific heat C_V ?	2
	(c)	Answer the following: (any one) (1) Explain Simple Cubic (SC) structure. (2) Write a note on Ionic crystal.	3
	(d)	 Write in detail: (any one) (1) Describe in detail: Hexagonal Closed Packed (hcp) crystal. (2) Discuss: The Einstein model for Specific heat of solids. 	5
3	(a)	 Write a short answer to the following: (1) For most metals, resistivity is directly proportional to the pressure. — Is it true or false? (2) Write Wiedemann-Franz relation. (3) The characteristic property of metals is their lustre. (low / high) (4) The value of Fermi energy changes with size of metal. — Do you agree? 	4

	(b)	Answer the following: (any one) (1) The number of free electrons per unit volume of Silver is 5.85 × 10 ²⁸ . Calculate Fermi energy for it.	2
		(2) The Fermi energy for Sodium is 3.1 eV. Calculate Fermi velocity for it.	
	(c)	Answer the following: (any one) (1) Write a note on momentum space. (2) Describe criticism of Sommerfelds theory.	3
	(d)	Write in detail : (any one)(1) Discuss quantum theory of free electron in one-dimensional box.(2) Describe Drude-Lorentz theory.	5
4	(a)	 Write a short answer to the following: (1) Semiconductors have temperature coefficient of resistance. (positive/negative) (2) Define mobility of charge carrier. (3) In case of "excess" semiconductors, the Hall coefficient is negative. – Do you agree? (4) Measurement of Hall coefficient gives the information about the sign of the charge carrier. – Is it true or false? 	4
	(b)	 Answer the following: (any one) (1) At room temperature, resistivity of n-type Ge atom is 0.01 ohm-m. If the mobility of electron is 0.39 M²/Volt-sec, then find the donor concentration. (2) Find the mobility of electrons in copper if its resistivity is 1.7 × 10⁻⁶ ohm-cm and Number density is 8.49 × 10²² CM⁻³. 	2
	(c)	Answer the following: (any one) (1) Describe applications of semiconductors. (2) Explain conductivity of semiconductors.	3
	(d)	 Write in detail: (any one) (1) Describe Hall effect in detail. (2) Discuss: Simplified model of an intrinsic semiconductors. 	5

5	(a)	Write a short answer to the following:	
		(1) Onnes found that the resistance of mercury drops	
		suddenly to almost zero when the temperature	
		falls below °C.	
		(2) A superconductor exhibits a perfect diamagnetism.	
		– Is it true or false ?	
		(3) For alloys, the transition temperature is extremely	
		high.	
		– Do you agree ?	
		(4) In case of superconductors, when atomic mass of	
		isotopes (increases/decreases), its critical	
		temperature decreases.	
	(b)	Answer the following: (any one)	2
		(1) Transition temperature of Hg having average	
		mass 200 a.m.u. is 4.153 K. If one of its isotope	
		has 204 a.m.u. mass, find its transition	
		temperature.	
		(2) If Initial magnetic field is 20.7×10^5 amp/m at	
		4.2 K temperature for a superconducting specimen,	
		find critical field at critical temperature 14.5 K.	
	(c)	Answer the following: (any one)	3
		(1) Explain Meissner effect.	
		(2) Discuss properties which do not change in	
		superconducting transition.	
	(d)	Write in detail : (any one)	5
		(1) Write a note: Applications of superconductivity.	
		(2) Explain in detail: London's theory.	